Management's Discussion & Analysis (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)



For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared with an effective date of November 29, 2018 and provides an update on matters discussed in, and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of People Corporation (the "Company"), including the notes thereto, as at and for the year ended August 31, 2018, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), unless otherwise specified. All amounts contained within this MD&A are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. Amounts set forth in this MD&A are stated in thousands of dollars except for per share, issued and outstanding share data, and unless otherwise noted.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information regarding the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.peoplecorporation.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws, such as statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Use of words such as "may", "will", "expect", "believe", "intends", "likely", or other words of similar effect may indicate a "forward-looking" statement. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to numerous risk factors, including those described in the Company's publicly filed documents (available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com) and in this MD&A under the heading "Risk Factors". Those risk factors include the ability to maintain profitability and manage growth, reliance on information systems and technology, reputation risk, dependence on key clients, reliance on key professionals and general economic conditions. Many of these risk factors can affect the Company's actual results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement made by the Company or on its behalf. Given these risk factors, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. All forward-looking statements in this MD&A are qualified by these cautionary statements. These statements are made as of the date of this MD&A and, except as required by applicable law, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Additionally, the Company undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations or statements made by third parties in respect of the Company, its financial or operating results or its securities.

Readers are cautioned that the following terms used herein and other similar terms do not have standardized meanings as prescribed by IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. In this MD&A: "Standardized EBITDA" means net income before finance expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization; "REI" means retained economic interest, which represents the earnings attributable to vendors and/or principals of acquired companies based on prescribed formulas; "Adjusted EBITDA before REI" means Standardized EBITDA before acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, share-based compensation expense, compensation-based REI and equity-based REI; "Adjusted EBITDA" means Standardized EBITDA net of REI before acquisition, integration and reorganization costs and share based compensation expense; "Operating Income before Corporate Costs" means Adjusted EBITDA before corporate costs; and "Corporate Costs" and "Operating Working Capital", have the meanings hereinafter set out. Further, readers are cautioned that Standardized EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA before REI, Adjusted EBITDA and Operating Income before Corporate Costs should not replace net income or loss or cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (as determined in accordance with IFRS), as an indicator of the Company's performance. See the "Non-IFRS Financial Measures" section for further commentary.



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The Company is primarily involved in the delivery of employee group benefit consulting, third-party benefits administration services, group retirement consulting and human resource consulting to help companies recruit, retain and reward employees. With a growing national footprint, the Company is bringing together leading consultants in the industry to offer innovative and customized product solutions to clients. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "PEO".

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Company's financial results for the three and twelve months ended August 31, 2018 fully reflect the effect of last year's acquisition of Sirius Benefit Plans Inc. ("Sirius") and Skipwith & Associates Insurance Agency Inc. ("Skipwith") and organic growth initiatives. The effect of the previously announced acquisition of the business operations of Assurance Dalbec Ltée ("Dalbec"), Rockwater Benefits Company Ltd. ("Rockwater"), Lane Quinn Benefit Consultants Ltd. ("Lane Quinn") and Silverberg & Associates Inc. ("Silverberg") are reflected in the current period.

	or the three 3 31, 2018	nths ended 3 31, 2017	Aug	for 31, 2018	,	/ear ended g 31, 2017
Revenue	 36,279.5	28,927.0		130,518.1		105,840.0
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7,744.9	\$ 5,718.4	1	27,542.0	\$	20,109.0
Adjusted EBITDA per share (Basic)	\$ 0.138	\$ 0.112	\$	0.507	ф	0.400
Net income	\$ (9,478.6)	242.1	\$	(6,920.6)		3,478.8
Net income (loss) per share (Basic)	\$ (0.169)	0.005	\$	(0.127)		0.069
Net income (loss) per share (Diluted)	\$ (0.169)	\$ 0.005	\$	(0.127)	\$	0.068

For the three months ended August 31, 2018, the Company experienced revenue growth of \$7,352.5 (25.4%). Organic growth of \$3,057.2 (10.6%) was recognized primarily from gaining new clients, increasing product and service penetration with existing clients and natural inflationary factors. The Company recognized acquired growth of \$4,295.3 (14.8%) resulting from the acquired operations of Dalbec. Rockwater, Lane Quinn and Silverberg.

Quarterly organic growth rates can vary due to timing of certain revenue streams and the effect of acquisitions and as such, the Company believes annual organic growth is a better reflection of the Company's organic growth rate.

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended August 31, 2018 was \$7,744.9, representing an increase of \$2,026.5 (35.4%), as compared to the same period in fiscal 2017. Growth in Adjusted EBITDA for the three month period was primarily driven by contribution from acquired operations and the increase in fourth quarter revenue, partially offset by increases in variable compensation expenses tied directly to the higher revenue, expanded leadership to accommodate integration and future growth, and the continued investment in recently-hired benefit consultants and related support costs incurred to drive organic growth.

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For the three months ended August 31, 2018, the Company reported a Net income (loss) of \$(9,478.6), a decrease of \$9,720.7 mainly resulting from a revaluation of non-controlling interest put options and contingent acquisition consideration obligations, an increase in amortization of acquired intangible assets and depreciation of leasehold improvements, an increase in acquisition, integration and reorganization expenses; partly offset by increases related to acquired operations and organic growth.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the Company experienced revenue growth of \$24,678.1 (23.3%). The Company recognized acquired growth of \$13,941.6 (13.2%) resulting from acquired operations primarily attributable to revenues from Sirius, Dalbec, Lane Quinn, and to a lesser extent, Skipwith and Rockwater. The acquisition of Silverberg occurred late in the fourth quarter resulting in a less significant impact in the twelve month period. Organic growth of \$10,736.5 (10.1%) was primarily due to factors similar to those affecting the three month period.

Adjusted EBITDA for the year ended August 31, 2018 was \$27,542.0, representing an increase of \$7,433.0 (37.0%), as compared to the same period in fiscal 2017 resulting from organic growth and acquired operations, including, Sirius, Dalbec, Lane Quinn and to a lesser extent, Skipwith, Rockwater and Silverberg.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the Company reported a Net income (loss) of \$(6,920.6), a decrease of \$10,399.4 from fiscal 2017. Net income (loss) and comprehensive income has decreased as compared to the prior year as a result of an increase in finance expenses of \$10,946.9 related to changes in estimates of non-controlling interest put options and contingent consideration obligation, as well as an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$2,207.7, acquisition, integration and reorganization costs of \$3,721.6 and income tax expense of \$1,503.7; offset partially by an increase in adjusted EBITDA of \$7,433.0 as discussed above.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Company delivers employee group benefit consulting, third-party benefits administration services (including claims processing, disability management and administration services), group retirement services (including consulting and advisory services), and human resource consulting services to help companies recruit, retain and reward employees. The Company achieves this through approximately 800 professionals and support staff with 47 offices (includes 19 satellite offices) located across Canada where the Company is registered to do business in all 10 provinces and 3 territories. The Company earns revenues from a diverse base of clients in various industries. The Company maintains a corporate strategic plan, a financial plan and an ongoing annual planning process that enables the continued growth and execution of the strategy aligned with its vision. The Company's priority is the continued profitable expansion of existing operations through a focus on organic growth and the acquisition of synergistic companies with a view to maximize value for its stakeholders: i) shareholders, ii) clients, iii) acquisition partners, and iv) employees. The Company has financial and management resources in place to execute these priorities.



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The Company is organized in order to emphasize integration of all of its practice areas, which are as follows:

	CONSULTING SOLUTIONS		SHARED SERVICES	HUMAN RESOURCE SOLUTIONS
gallivan student health & wellness	Investment Guild Employer Remefits By Design	HealthSource Plus.	Integrated Solutions	PEOPLE FIRST HR SERVICES
 ☼ JSL	The state of the s	COUGHLIN employee benefits specialists	Group Retirement Solutions	
Buffett Taylor	ProsureGroup	SEPA Customer Service Accountability Innovation	Business Development	
Bencom Sgi Making sense of your hard work.	FAIRLES BENEFIT SERVICES	SiriuS Benefit Plans	Talent Acquisition	
HAMILTON + PARTNERS	LaneQuinn Jand Countries General Residence Just Countries General Residence Just Countries Countries Countries Just Countries Countries Just Countries Countries Just Countries Countries Just Countrie	ASSURANCES DALBEC	Wellness Solutions Marketing & Communications	

The Company has offices across Canada; each led by experts and backed by strong executive management and capital resources. The Company's diverse team of experienced consultants have industry-specific expertise and can provide businesses with insight to customize an innovative suite of services specific to their business requirements.

While the Company continues to go to market with the various brands acquired through acquisition, the Company is organized in such a way so as to leverage the capabilities of the entire organization. People Corporation can help businesses attract the right talent for the job and provide the right incentives to motivate employees to excel, enabling client businesses to prosper.

People Corporation helps businesses:

SILVERBERG GROUP

Attract The Company's employee benefit, group retirement and human resource practices are led by experts who understand a client's business and can help a client attract the best

people for their industry, helping position them as top employers.

Reward Proprietary solutions offered by the Company's employee group benefit consulting, third party benefits administration, group retirement consulting, group retirement advisory

services, claims processing, disability management and administration services ensures that a client's staff has access to health, wellness, dental, and retirement plans that make

financial sense for their families, as well as for the client's business.

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Retain The Company can help make a client's organization a place where the best people will

want to build their careers while also ensuring cost containment for the client's benefit,

HR and group retirement plans.

Whether a client needs a simple benefits package or a comprehensive solution, the Company's experts can customize a program for its client's unique needs.

Expertise The Company's consultants are recognized industry leaders who can create value for a

client's organization. Through the experience of working with hundreds of clients, the Company's consultants have developed broad, as well as specialized, product, insurance

and industry expertise.

Custom Solutions The Company's broad range of innovative and proprietary group benefit solutions, group

retirement and disability solutions can be tailored to suit organizations of any size, in any sector. This is achieved through the Company's partner relationships, its ability to leverage its various systems and platforms and through the expertise of its consultants

and staff.

Industry Leading Pricing As a national provider, the Company's buying power allows it to offer clients the best

products on the best terms.

Independent Guidance The Company's expert advice is unbiased and independent. The Company works with all

major insurers to provide clients with the best customized solution for its clients'

businesses and people.

National Servicing With offices across the country, the Company can provide national clients with service at

a local level.

Below is a summary of the Company's various operating areas:

Consulting Solutions

Within the Consulting Solutions division, the Company focuses on providing a unique employee benefit, group retirement and human resource solution that is customized to individual client needs. The consulting advice primarily includes plan review and plan design, plan recommendations, alternative funding methods, plan set up, employee communications, wellness programs and plan marketing.

The Company's consultants are divided into teams that focus independently of each other on corporate benefits, public sector benefits, association benefits, student benefits and alternative funding methods including self-insurance. While each team goes to market independently, the Company has an advisor group that brings the skills of the different teams together and therefore, the Company is able to proactively approach client assignments in a manner that brings the expertise from various consultants together where necessary.

The Company assumes no underwriting risk as the insurance policies are underwritten by the insurance carrier.

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Bencom Financial Group Services Inc.

Bencom Financial Services Group Inc. ("**Bencom**"), established in 1982, provides group benefit, group retirement and individual benefit advisory services to mid-market corporate clients primarily located in Ontario. Bencom's office is located in Kitchener.

Buffett Taylor & Associates

Buffett Taylor & Associates ("**Buffett Taylor**"), established in 1981, provides group benefit advisory services specializing in the public sector and not-for-profit marketplace, with specific expertise with municipal, healthcare and education group plans. Buffett Taylor's office is located in Whitby.

Gallivan Student Health & Wellness

Gallivan Student Health & Wellness ("Gallivan"), established in 1993, provides professional advice and service infrastructure to post-secondary student organizations in order to offer group benefit programs to students. Gallivan operates on a national basis with offices and satellite offices across the country.

Hamilton + Partners Inc.

Hamilton + Partners Inc., established in 1984, consists of three operating companies, Employee Benefits Inc. ("EBI"), Disability Concepts Inc. ("DCI") and 6814409 Canada Incorporated ("681"), (collectively "H+P"). EBI is a group benefits consulting firm that provides service predominantly to Alberta-based small to large corporate clients with group benefit plans and group retirement solutions. DCI provides unique disability and critical illness solutions designed to balance employer interests of cost savings and product enhancements with employee concerns and adequate coverage. 681 provides specialized medical insurance products which expedites access to medical imaging and rapid second opinion as well as coverage for private medical treatments. H+P's office is located in Calgary.

JSL

JSL ("JSL"), established in 1976, provides group benefit solutions to clients based in southern Ontario and specializes in mid-market corporate clients. JSL's office is located in Toronto.

Prosure Group

Prosure Group ("**Prosure**"), established in 1987, provides customized employee benefits and administrative services, including the design and adjudication of cost plus arrangements and health spending accounts, as well as access to a proprietary third party administration platform. Prosure's office is located in Toronto.

The Investment Guild

The Investment Guild ("**TIG**"), established in 1981, specializes in mid-market corporate benefits, association plan benefits, group retirement solutions and individual insurance products. TIG's office is located in Toronto.

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White Willow Benefit Consultants

White Willow Benefit Consultants ("White Willow"), established in 1988, provides group benefit and group retirement advisory services, with specific expertise servicing legal firms and organizations within the financial services sector. White Willow's office is located in Toronto.

Lane Quinn Benefit Consultants

Lane Quinn Benefit Consultants ("Lane Quinn"), established in 2001, one of the leading group benefits consulting firms in the Alberta market, servicing mid-market companies and municipalities. Lane Quinn provides group benefit and group retirement advisory services, with a strong focus on value-added consulting advice. Lane Quinn has offices located in Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver.

Silverberg & Associates Inc.

Silverberg & Associates ("Silverberg"), established in 1996, provides specialized employee benefits consulting and group retirement solutions to companies of all sizes from a variety of industries through its broad product portfolio and sophisticated plan design. Silverberg has offices located in Calgary, Edmonton and Lethbridge.

Benefit Solutions

The Company's Benefit Solutions division has several third-party administration ("TPA") and third-party payor ("TPP") service and administration platforms allowing it to provide group benefit, group retirement and consulting advice that is highly customized towards the client's needs. TPA and TPP administer group benefit and group retirement plans on behalf of clients and insurance carrier partners. These administration platforms allow the Company to develop specialized, unique and customized benefit solutions for its clients through a plug-and-play approach of using multiple insurance carrier partners on a single benefits plan design. TPA services include employee data management, billing services, consolidated billing services where a client has multiple insurance carriers associated with its plan, customized reporting, customized plan design services, underwriting services, communication services and technology solutions. In addition, through its various partners, the TPA platforms also provide claims adjudication services and claims management.

The Company serves as an independent data administrator on behalf of the Company's clients, who are generally an employer and/or plan sponsor – this allows the benefit consultant to work with the client to select from various insurance carriers and funding options that are best suited to the benefit categories within the employee benefits program. The client benefits from the availability of multiple carriers and funding alternatives on one consolidated billing and reporting platform.

BPA Financial Group Ltd.

BPA Financial Group Limited ("BPA"), established in 1958, provides group benefit and group retirement consulting, advice, trust management, group benefit and pension administration, consulting and claims management services to large multi-employer trust organizations and numerous other organizations across Canada. BPA has offices located throughout Ontario and Eastern Canada.

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Coughlin & Associates Ltd.

Coughlin & Associates Ltd. ("Coughlin"). Coughlin, established in 1958, provides group benefit and group retirement consulting, advice, trust management, group benefit and pension administration, and claims management services to multi-employer unions and public service organizations, and single-employer corporations. Coughlin has offices in Ottawa and Winnipeg.

HealthSource Plus

HealthSource Plus / SourceSanté Plus ("**HSP**"), established in 1992, provides group benefit consulting, advice, group benefit administration, billing services, reporting services, client communication, employee data management and claims management for small to medium-sized companies across Canada. HSP has offices in Toronto, Montreal, Niagara Falls and Winnipeg.

Prosure Group

Prosure, established in 1987, provides group benefit advisory and administration services specializing in Health Spending Accounts and Cost-Plus Accounts. Prosure's office is located in Toronto.

Skipwith & Associates Insurance Agency Inc.

Skipwith & Associates Insurance Agency Inc. ("Skipwith"), established in 1988, provides group benefit and group retirement consulting, advice, group benefit and pension administration, and claims management services to corporations, unions and public service organizations in the Ontario region. Skipwith's office is located in Barrie.

Sirius Benefit Plans Inc.

Sirius Benefit Plans Inc. ("Sirius"), established in 1996, administers and provides proprietary employee benefit programs for small to medium-sized employers through a network of independent associate brokers located across Canada. Sirius' office is located in Winnipeg.

Assurances Dalbec

Assurances Dalbec ("**Dalbec**"), established in 1975, administers and provides employee benefit plans for small to medium-sized companies in the Quebec market. Dalbec's office is located in Montreal.

Human Resource Solutions

The Company's Human Resource Solutions division works with clients to diagnose, design and deliver customized human resource solutions. The human resources consulting team delivers a broad range of services, including: human resource consulting, compensation services, assessment services, recruiting, career transition services and talent management.

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People First HR Services Ltd.

People First HR Services Ltd. ("**PFHR**"), established in 2000, is Manitoba's largest full service human resource provider. PFHR through its various brands delivers high quality leadership and organizational solutions and contributes to the success of its clients by working with them to: recruit top talent; discover the full potential of each of their employees; realize the collective strength of a highly engaged workforce; and support employees and employers during times of change. PFHR leverages its experience and the efficiency of its processes to create workable and timely solutions that deliver value for clients.

Shared Services

Through its Shared Services division, the Company works with its subsidiaries and divisions by providing subject matter experts and proprietary products, services and solutions to attract and retain clients and provide additional revenue opportunities. The Shared Services departments have been created to ensure that the Company's subsidiaries and divisions have access to an internal shared service not normally available to mid-size employee benefit firms, thereby ensuring clients are receiving the best possible consulting advice. This results in the Company's subsidiaries and divisions having a unique value proposition and thereby providing them with a competitive edge.

Integrated Solutions

Integrated Solutions ("IS") provides group benefit and group retirement advisory services to mid- and large-market corporate clients through a network of independent associate brokers across the country. IS's office is located in Cambridge.

Group Retirement Solutions

Group Retirement Solutions ("GRS") provides group retirement advisory services in collaboration with the Company's other operating divisions to mid- and large-market corporate clients across the country.

Business Development Representatives

The Business Development Representatives ("BDR") division is an inside sales department responsible for generating qualified leads for the Company's benefit consultants. BDR identifies companies and their decision makers in order to qualify, create, and develop sales opportunities. The purpose of the department is to create and heighten People Corporation awareness to potential prospects as well as to generate leads for the consultants to ultimately increase the number of clients.

Talent Acquisition

Talent Acquisition focuses on internally sourcing, attracting, and hiring top talent into the Company. Its mandate is to fill vacant positions in the Company in a timely and cost effective manner.

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Health & Wellness Solutions

Wellness Solutions focuses on providing the Company's corporate clients with a suite of proprietary products and service offerings that will help manage the increasing costs of absenteeism, presenteeism, and loss of productivity. In addition, the Company's Wellness Solutions department serves to help the Company's clients attract, reward, and retain their employees.

Marketing & Communications:

The Marketing & Communications division is responsible for both brand awareness and transition across the organization to facilitate the acquisition of new clients, businesses and recruitment prospects. It is further responsible for the Company's online presence, the production of field marketing materials that support our benefit consultants, as well as both internal and external communications.

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND STRATEGY

Industry

Many companies are increasingly utilizing employer-sponsored benefits programs as one of the tools to help them attract and retain employees in today's competitive market for talent. However, they are challenged in doing so because of the increasing cost of providing such programs to employees, which is driven by rising insurance premiums as a result of factors such as increasing healthcare costs, the entry of costly new drugs and treatments, the advent of new medical services, higher utilization rates, and the overall aging demographics of the workforce. Given these factors, companies are looking for value-added advice with respect to plan design, and strategies to minimize the cost of plans while continuing to provide competitive benefit programs that appeal to employees.

Concurrent with the evolution in client demands as described above, the supplier base for group benefits and group retirement products and services, which is primarily the insurance carriers, continues to consolidate, leading to fewer alternatives for benefits consultants to work with when devising and pricing benefit plans. At the same time, competition has increased not only from traditional market players, but also from new players focused on technology-based solutions, as well as from market participants who have traditionally focused on other segments of the market or adjacent sectors. Finally, the regulatory environments that can impact benefit and group retirement programs continue to evolve, not only as it relates to the products and services themselves (e.g. pension plan regulations), but also as it relates to the provision of products and services, including matters such as fee disclosure. Given these market dynamics, scale is becoming increasingly important.

The Canadian market for group benefits, group retirement and HR consulting products and services is dominated by many small players and a few large multinational firms. Historically, the market has been segregated by size: small and medium-sized enterprises have traditionally been serviced by a large number of small regional and local market players, providing a relatively narrow range of products and services, generally priced on a commission-based structure. The balance of the industry, which is focused on large employers and government accounts, has traditionally been serviced by a small number of multinational consulting firms, with a broader scope of services, primarily offered on fee-based structures. While a significant amount of consolidation has occurred among players servicing large enterprises (i.e. consolidation among the multinational consulting firms), the segment of the market servicing small- and medium-sized enterprises continues to be highly fragmented, with a significant number of small firms, many of which are encountering succession planning issues given the demographic characteristics of their consultant owners, servicing this market. Management believes that this, along with the increasing need for scale as described above, suggests that consolidation in this segment of the market is likely to continue.

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Management believes that the current dynamics in the group benefits, group retirement and HR consulting sectors will continue to drive change within the industry, likely at an accelerating pace. In order to provide a compelling value proposition to employers, benefits, group retirement and HR consultants must provide innovative products, specialized services and customized solutions. Furthermore, in a highly competitive environment, consultants need to find ways to be more efficient and cost effective. As a result of these environmental factors, scale is increasingly important in these sectors.

OVERVIEW OF OPERATING PERFORMANCE

As a result of a focus on executing its strategic plan, the Company continues to be successful in building upon and growing operational capabilities by investing in employee skills and expertise and the tools that they need to provide responsive solutions to address the Company's clients' business challenges. The Company continued its positive momentum and strong performance during the year.

Notable Milestones

- Completed the following strategic acquisitions:
 - Silverberg, a group benefits, group retirement and insurance advisory practice based in Alberta;
 - Lane Quinn, a group benefits, group retirement and insurance advisory practice based in Alberta;
 - Dalbec, a leading Québec-based TPA and TPP service provider which complements the Company's existing operations in Québec and expands its small group product offering;
 - Rockwater Benefits, an established group retirement advisory practice based in Ontario;
 - Subsequent to the year end, Benefit Partners Inc., a group benefits, group retirement and insurance advisory practice based in Ontario;
- Continued to invest in talent, including:
 - Key leadership appointments: Senior Vice President, Enterprise Benefit Solutions, Vice President Sales and Client Management - Consulting Solutions, Vice President, Finance - Benefit Solutions; Vice President, Health & Wellness - Shared Services;
 - Expansion of underwriting and product development talent; and
 - Investments in recruiting talent and Benefit Consultants in order to expand organic revenue generating capabilities and prospective client interaction;
- Continued to invest in client-focused products and solutions and go to market strategies, including:
 - Launched a new multi-employer administration platform, a new member portal for clients and a new flexible enrolment tool:
 - Continued to expand our third-party consulting network with wholesalers now covering all major markets in Canada;
 - Expanded the distribution of the Sirius and HealthSource Plus products and solutions to reach more clients, piloted an HR Solution to enhance our small group offering and a disability management solution;

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- Segmented our business into small, medium and enterprise, adding additional leadership talent in our small group and enterprise channels and invested in further developing the enterprise market by launching our Business Development Solutions Group;
- Expanded the wellness offering for post-secondary student organizations with the launch of on-line and video counselling; and
- Established strategic partnerships with leading national pharmacies and retailer brands to provide exclusive benefits to our clients and their employees:
- Enhanced the Company's capital position through completion of two bought deal private placement of common shares offerings for combined gross proceeds of \$65.6 million and expanded the Company's credit facility with its senior lender to \$97.8 million, by exercising the accordion feature option in the fourth quarter; and
- Completed the new corporate head office in Winnipeg to accommodate the integration and future growth of three previously separate Winnipeg-based locations into one state of the art facility for staff and clients.

Growth Through Acquisitions

The Company continues to pursue growth opportunities both organically, increasing its existing business by gaining new clients, increasing product and service penetration with existing clients, as well as through transactions in which the Company acquires new operating entities or subsidiaries. Over the past few years, the Company has enhanced its corporate development capabilities to execute transactions, through significant investments in people, technology and other organizational resources, and has developed techniques, processes and other intellectual capital, all with the objective of creating a compelling value proposition for new entities to join People Corporation.

Given the Company's strong financial position, Management believes it is well positioned to continue to make investments for growth.

The Company will consider acquisitions ranging in size and structure, but all share the characteristic of having a strong underlying strategic rationale, which may include enhancing the Company's position in existing markets or providing entry into adjacent markets, expanding the Company's administrative and technological capabilities, providing new supplier relationships, enhancing the breadth and depth of the Company's product and service offering and enhancing the plan member experience. At the same time, the Company also takes into consideration the financial characteristics of the underlying business of the acquisition target and the structural components and financial terms of the transactions so that the transaction will result in attractive financial returns to the Company.

With a flexible transaction model to address the objectives of vendors, and an operating model to support the ongoing success and growth of the underlying businesses, the Company continues to attract partners who want to join the People Corporation group of companies. In the past three fiscal years, seven transactions have been completed, and there continues to be significant momentum in this component of the Company's overall growth strategy. The following acquisitions were completed during the year ended August 31, 2018:

On August 1, 2018, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Silverberg & Associates Inc., one of the leading group benefits consulting firms in the Alberta market.

On May 23, 2018, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Lane Quinn Benefit Consultants Ltd., one of the leading group benefits consulting firms in the Alberta market.

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On February 1, 2018, the Company acquired specific assets, liabilities and business operations of Rockwater, an established group retirement and group benefits insurance advisory practice based in Ontario.

On December 1, 2017, the Company acquired the assets and business operations of Dalbec, an established TPA and TPP which provides group benefit consulting, administrative solutions and claims management services to small-to mid-size corporations and unions in the Québec region.

On November 27, 2018, the Company acquired Benefits Partners Inc. ("BPI"), a leading independent privately-owned employee group benefits and group retirement consulting firm in the Ontario market. The addition of BPI to the People Corporation group of companies enhances the Company's position in the Ontario market, including establishing a presence in regions in which the Company did not formerly have a physical location. The payment of \$6,937.5 in cash on closing, subject to post-closing adjustment for working capital, represents the purchase price for an initial 75% economic interest in BPI. The Company has also entered into an agreement with the principals of BPI whereby they will retain a 25% economic interest in the business through the ownership of special shares of BPI. The Company holds a 100% voting interest and holds a 75% economic interest in BPI through ownership of all of the issued dividend-bearing common shares of BPI. The cash payment at closing of \$6,937.5 was funded by the Company by drawing on the Acquisition Revolver component of the Company's credit facilities with its senior lenders.

OUTLOOK

In order to position itself for growth in this environment, the Company invests significantly in people, technology and other organizational resources, and has developed techniques, processes and other intellectual capital to provide a compelling value proposition to its clients. Driven by these investments, the Company continues to pursue growth opportunities both organically, increasing its existing business by gaining new clients and increased penetration of products and services within its existing client base, hiring of new benefit consultants, as well as through acquisitions in which new operating entities or subsidiaries become part of the Company. Given the positive underlying industry trends and characteristics, the ongoing development of the Company's operating and transaction models, and the overall value proposition the Company provides to stakeholder groups that include its clients, consultants, suppliers and employees. Management currently expects to continue to generate growth in the foreseeable future.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

The Company reports non-IFRS financial measures, including Standardized EBITDA, REI, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA before REI, Operating Income before Corporate Costs, and Operating Working Capital as key measures used by Management to evaluate performance of the business, to compensate employees and to facilitate a comparison of quarterly and annual results of ongoing operations. Adjusted EBITDA is also a concept utilized in measuring compliance with debt covenants. The Adjusted EBITDA measure is commonly reported and widely used by investors and lending institutions as an indicator of a company's operating performance, ability to incur and service debt, and as a valuation metric. While used to assist in evaluating the operating performance and debt servicing ability of the Company, readers are cautioned that Adjusted EBITDA as reported by the Company may not be comparable in all instances to Adjusted EBITDA as reported by other companies.



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The CPA's Canadian Performance Reporting Board defined EBITDA to foster comparability of the measure between entities Standardized EBITDA. Standardized EBITDA represents an indication of an entity's capacity to generate income from operations before taking into account Management's financing decisions and costs of consuming tangible and intangible capital assets, which vary according to their vintage, technological age and Management's estimate of their useful life. Accordingly, Standardized EBITDA comprises revenue less operating costs before interest expense, capital asset depreciation, intangible asset amortization and impairment charges, and income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated to exclude items of an unusual or one-time nature that do not reflect normal or ongoing operations of the Company and should not be included in assessment of the Company's ability to service or incur debt. Adjusted EBITDA excludes acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, REI, and share-based compensation. Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs, which do not relate to the current operating performance of the business but are typically costs incurred to expand operations or improve productivity and efficiency, are comprised of professional fees and other non-recurring incremental costs incurred to secure and complete specific acquisitions; non-operating expenses associated with integrating acquired operations into the Company's business model subsequent to completion of an acquisition; and non-recurring expenses including severance costs, recruiting fees and direct costs associated with reorganization operations to position the Company for building additional scale and to enhance operating performance.



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Adjusted EBITDA

The following is a reconciliation of the Company's Net Income to Standardized EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

		months ended	for the year end Aug 31, 2018 Aug 31, 20			
	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	Aug 31, 2016 A	aug 31, 2017		
Net income (Loss)	\$ (9,478.6)	\$ 242.1	\$ (6,920.6)	\$ 3,478.8		
Add:						
Depreciation and amortization	3,606.3	2,625.9	10,659.0	8,451.3		
Finance expenses, net	10,464.2	1,791.5	15,925.9	4,979.0		
Income taxes, net	967.6	875.0	4,298.3	2,794.6		
Standardized EBITDA Add:	5,559.5	5,534.5	23,962.6	19,703.7		
Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs	2,634.2	817.7	6,326.6	2,605.0		
Compensation-based REI	950.6	521.6	2,853.6	2,254.6		
Share-based compensation	563.6	174.5	1,313.2	788.4		
Adjusted EBITDA before REI	9,707.9	7,048.3	34,456.0	25,351.7		
Deduct:	(050.6)	(E21.6)	(2.052.6)	(2.254.6)		
Compensation-based REI	(950.6)	, ,	(2,853.6)	(2,254.6)		
Equity-based REI	(1,012.4)	(808.3)	(4,060.4)	(2,988.1)		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 7,744.9	\$ 5,718.4	\$27,542.0	\$20,109.0		
Adjusted EBITDA before REI as a % of Revenue	26.8 %		26.4 %	24.0 %		
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of Revenue	21.3 %	19.8 %	21.1 %	19.0 %		

Adjusted EBITDA before REI for the three months ended August 31, 2018 was \$9,707.9, an increase of \$2,659.6, (37.7%) from \$7,048.3 reported for the same period in the prior year. Factors influencing the increase in Adjusted EBITDA before REI include:

- Revenue growth of \$7,352.5 representing increased contribution to run-rates from acquisitions as well as organic
 growth resulting from the addition of new clients and natural inflationary factors;
- Increased personnel and compensation expenses, excluding compensation-based REI, of \$3,626.5, primarily attributable to the increased employee count resulting from acquired operations, increases in variable compensation expenses tied directly to the higher revenue and expanded staff complement to accommodate future growth; and
- A net increase in all other operating costs of \$1,066.4, inclusive of general and administrative expenses, occupancy, and administration fees.

PEOPLE CORPORATION

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

For the three months ended August 31, 2018, Adjusted EBITDA before REI as a % of Revenue was 26.8%, which has increased from 24.4% reported for the same period in the prior year. The increase in the Adjusted EBITDA before REI as a % of Revenue is due to Adjusted EBITDA contributions of acquired operations, increased revenue growth, natural inflationary factors and the increased ability to leverage the Company's value proposition to existing customers.

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended August 31, 2018 was \$7,744.9, an increase of \$2,026.5 (35.4%) from \$5,718.4 reported for the same period in the prior year. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA is due to the factors affecting Adjusted EBITDA before REI, net of the vendors' interest in Coughlin, BPA, Silverberg, H+P and Bencom of \$1,963.0, which increased by \$633.1 (47.6%) as compared to the same period in the prior year.

Adjusted EBITDA before REI for the year ended August 31, 2018 was \$34,456.0, an increase of \$9,104.3 or 35.9% from \$25,351.7 reported for the fiscal year ended 2017. Factors influencing the increase in Adjusted EBITDA before REI include:

- Revenue growth of \$24,678.1 representing the increase in revenue resulting from the increased contribution to run rates from the 2017 and 2018 acquisitions as well as organic growth resulting from the addition of new clients and natural inflationary factors:
- Increased personnel and compensation expenses of \$13,053.5, primarily attributable to the increased employee count resulting from acquired operations in fiscal 2017 and 2018, increases in variable compensation expenses tied directly to the higher revenue, expanded leadership to accommodate integration and future growth, and the continued investment in new benefit consultants; and
- Increased other operating costs of \$2,520.3, inclusive of general and administrative expenses, occupancy, administration fees, and public company costs, which is primarily attributable to the incremental costs from acquired operations.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, Adjusted EBITDA before REI as a percentage of Revenue was 26.4%, which has increased from the 24.0% reported for the same period in the prior year was primarily due to factors similar to those affecting the three month period.

The increase in the Adjusted EBITDA before REI as a percentage of Revenue is due to Adjusted EBITDA contributions through current period acquisitions, increased organic revenue growth, natural inflationary factors and the increased ability to leverage the Company's value proposition to existing customers.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of Revenue was 21.1%, which has increased from the 19.0% reported for the same period in the prior year. Adjusted EBITDA was \$27,542.0, an increase of \$7,433.0, or 37.0% from \$20,109.0. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA is due to the factors affecting Adjusted EBITDA before REI, net of the vendors interest in Coughlin, BPA, Silverberg, H+P and Bencom of \$6,914.0 which increased by \$1,671.3 (31.9%) as compared to the same period in the prior year.

Equity-based REI represents the share of BPA, Coughlin and Silverberg Adjusted EBITDA attributable to the principals based on a prescribed formula tied to their respective non-voting, dividend-bearing special share holdings. The share of BPA Adjusted EBITDA attributable to equity-based REI will change as BPA options are exercised. BPA, Coughlin and Silverberg principals are eligible to receive dividends based on a calculation derived from earnings which includes Equity-based REI. The payment of dividends to the Coughlin, BPA and Silverberg principals reduces the non-controlling put liability and is not included in the calculation of net income.

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Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

Compensation-based REI represents the share of Bencom and H+P Adjusted EBITDA attributable to the principals based on a prescribed calculation derived from earnings. Compensation-based REI is included in the calculation of net income.

Acquisition, integration and reorganization costs are comprised of professional fees and other non-recurring incremental costs incurred to secure and complete specific acquisitions, non-operating outlays associated with integrating acquired operations into the Company's business model subsequent to completion of an acquisition, incremental costs incurred to develop the Company's administration platform, and non-recurring outlays including consulting and recruiting fees and severance costs associated with reorganization of operations.

See 'Selected Quarterly Financial Information' for Management's discussion of quarterly results.

Operating Income Before Corporate Costs

The following is a reconciliation of the Company's Adjusted EBITDA to Operating Income before Corporate Costs:

	for the three Aug 31, 2018	months ended Aug 31, 2017	for t Aug 31, 2018	he year ended Aug 31, 2017
Adjusted EBITDA Add:	\$ 7,744.9	\$ 5,718.4	\$27,542.0	\$20,109.0
Corporate costs	1,182.9	1,469.1	4,834.8	5,082.7
Operating income before corporate costs	\$ 8,927.8	\$ 7,187.5	\$32,376.8	\$25,191.7

Corporate costs, which represent expenses incurred to support executive management of the Company, such as remuneration, public company compliance costs, certain insurance premiums and corporate development activities, were \$1,182.9 for the three months ended August 31, 2018 versus \$1,469.1 for the same period in the prior year. The decrease of \$286.2 (19.5%) is primarily related to a decrease in professional fees incurred during the period as compared to the same period in the prior year, partially offset by an increase in personnel & compensation, occupancy costs, and other expenses related to the expanding operations.

Operating income before corporate costs for the three months ended August 31, 2018 was \$8,927.8 versus \$7,187.5 for the same period in the prior year. The increase of \$1,740.3 (24.2%) is due to primarily organic growth in Adjusted EBITDA and contributions from acquired operations.

Corporate Costs for the year ended August 31, 2018 of \$4,834.8 were comparable to those incurred in the prior comparative period of \$5,082.7.

Operating income before corporate costs for the year ended August 31, 2018 was \$32,376.8 versus \$25,191.7 for the same period in the prior year. The increase of \$7,185.1 (28.5%) is due to organic growth in Adjusted EBITDA and contributions from acquired operations.



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	Aug 31, 2016
Revenue Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) Income (loss) per share (basic) Income (loss) per share (diluted)	\$ 130,518.1	\$ 105,840.0	\$ 79,802.3
	\$ (6,920.6)	\$ 3,478.8	\$ (174.8)
	\$ (0.127)	\$ 0.069	\$ (0.004)
	\$ (0.127)	\$ 0.068	\$ (0.004)
Total assets Total non-current financial liabilities	\$ 262,555.1	\$ 169,952.6	\$ 147,978.1
	\$ 102,425.9	\$ 79,036.8	\$ 84,375.9

Net income (loss) for the year ended August 31, 2018 was \$(6,920.6), a decrease of \$10,399.4 from August 31, 2017 and a decrease of \$6,745.8 from August 31, 2016. Net income (loss) and comprehensive income has decreased as compared to the prior year as a result of an increase in finance expenses of \$10,946.9 related to changes in estimates of non-controlling interest put options and contingent consideration obligation, as well as an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$2,207.7, acquisition, integration and reorganization costs of \$3,721.6 and income tax expense of \$1,503.7; offset partially by an increase in adjusted EBITDA of \$7,433.0 as discussed above. Basic earnings per share is primarily affected by the change in net income, as well as by an increase in the number of outstanding shares from private placements to fund acquisition growth, the exercise of stock options, and the issuance of shares as consideration of an acquisition.

Total assets at August 31, 2018 were \$262,555.1, an increase of \$92,602.5 and \$114,577.0 from August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The increase can primarily be attributed to additions to intangible assets, goodwill and working capital related to acquisition activity in 2018 and leasehold improvements related to the Company's new head office.

Total non-current financial liabilities at August 31, 2018 were \$102,425.9, an increase of \$23,389.1 and an increase of \$18,050.0 from August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Changes in non-current financial liabilities are due to changes in estimates of non-controlling interest put options and deferred taxes related to acquisition activity in 2018.

Revenue

Revenue from the Consulting Solutions division is primarily comprised of commissions from insurance carriers. In addition, the Company provides group retirement plan advisory services from which it earns commissions paid by the carrier who administers and invests the funds. The Company is a reseller of benefit products and services and therefore assumes no underwriting risk as the insurance policy is underwritten by the insurance carrier.

Revenue from the Benefit Solutions division is primarily from fees earned for third party administration services. In addition, the Company earns fees from group retirement consulting and administration, and individual financial services including insurance and wealth management.

Revenue from the Shared Services division is primarily earned through commissions which are paid by the insurance carriers and fees earned from group retirement assets under administration which are paid by the carrier who administers and invests the funds.

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Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

Revenue from the Human Resource Solutions division is primarily earned from hourly or fixed fees for consulting services and as a percentage of compensation for recruiting services.

The calculation of 'organic growth' includes: i) year-over-year increases or decreases in revenue from operating units the Company has owned longer than one year; and ii) increases or decreases in revenue recognized from operating units the Company has owned for less than one year above or below baseline acquired revenue. The calculation of 'acquired revenue' includes a baseline representing estimated revenue of the acquired operations at the time of acquisition.

Revenue is as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	\$ Variance	% Variance
	\$ 130,518.1	\$ 105,840.0	\$ 24,678.1	23.3 %

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the Company experienced revenue growth of \$24,678.1 (23.3%). The Company recognized growth of \$13,941.6 (13.2%) resulting mainly from the acquired operations of Sirius, Dalbec, Lane Quinn and, to a lesser extent, Skipwith, Rockwater and Silverberg. Organic growth of \$10,736.5 (10.1%) is primarily from the addition of new clients, increasing product and service penetration with existing clients and natural inflationary factors.

Personnel and Compensation Expenses

The largest operating expense of the Company is compensation and related costs which includes salaries, bonuses and commissions, compensation-based REI, stock-based compensation, group benefits, and payroll taxes.

Personnel and compensation expenses are as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	\$ Variance	% Variance
	\$ 79,739.2	\$ 62,977.5	\$ 16,761.7	26.6 %

The Company believes that investment in its employees and associate consultant networks are key to ensuring successful execution of its strategic plans.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, personnel and compensation costs represent 61.1% of revenues (August 31, 2017 - 59.5%), driven by increases in acquisition, integration and reorganization resources and increases to compensation-based REI and share-based compensation expense.

PEOPLE CORPORATION

Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

The increase in personnel and compensation costs for the year ended August 31, 2018 of \$16,761.7 is primarily attributable to the increased employee count resulting from the acquisitions of Sirius, Dalbec, Lane Quinn and, to a lesser extent, Silverberg. In addition, the increase in personnel and compensation costs reflects an expanded non-revenue-generating staff complement to accommodate integration and future growth, representing \$2,584.4 of the increase. Other changes in personnel and compensation not affecting EBITDA include compensation-based REI, which increased by \$599.0 (26.6%) due to increases in profitability of the underlying businesses and share-based compensation expense, which increased by \$524.8 (66.6%).

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses include expenses relating to acquisition, integration and reorganization, travel, office supplies, telephone and internet, computer costs, professional fees, advertising, business development and other costs supporting operations.

General and administrative expenses are as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	\$ Variance	% Variance
	\$ 16,296.5	\$ 13,638.4	\$ 2,658.1	19.5 %

For the year ended August 31, 2018, general and administrative expenses have increased by \$2,658.1 (19.5%) primarily due to the following:

- A net increase of \$751.7 resulting from a higher general and administrative run-rates from the acquisition of Sirius, Skipwith, Dalbec, Rockwater, Lane Quinn and Silverberg during the year;
- An increase in general and administrative expenses related to acquisition, integration and reorganization activities of \$319.6.
- A net increase of \$1,586.8 in all other general and administrative expenses, including office supplies, professional fees, business development, and travel.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation is recognized over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property and equipment in a manner which most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Definite life intangible assets are amortized from the date of acquisition or, for internally developed assets, from the time the asset is available for use. Amortization is recognized either on a declining balance or on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Depreciation and amortization expense is as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	\$ Variance	% Variance
	\$ 10,659.0	\$ 8,451.3	\$ 2,207.7	26.1 %

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Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

For the year ended August 31, 2018, depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$2,207.7 (26.1%) primarily due to significant customer relationship additions to intangible assets as a result of acquisitions and to a lesser extent higher depreciation due to the increased leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures related to the Company's new head office.

Occupancy Costs

Occupancy costs are as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018		Aug 31, 2017		\$ Variance		% Variance	
	\$	6,125.3	\$	5,803.6	\$	321.7	5.5 %	

For the year ended August 31, 2018, occupancy costs represent 4.7% of revenues (August 31, 2017 - 5.5%), decreasing in proportion to revenue due to an increase in organic revenue.

The increase in occupancy costs of \$321.7 (5.5%) for the year ended August 31, 2018 is due to incremental lease costs associated with the acquisition of Sirius during the third quarter of fiscal 2017 and current year acquisitions of Dalbec, Lane Quinn and Silverberg.

Administration Fees

Administration fees represent amounts paid by the company to third party claims adjudicators for services provided on behalf of the Company to certain of its clients on its TPA platform.

Administration fees are as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018		Aug 31, 2017		\$ Variance		% Variance	
	\$	4,025.8	\$	3,398.1	\$	627.7	18.5 %	

The increase in administration fees of \$627.7 (18.5%) for the year ended August 31, 2018 is primarily due to an increase in the volume of claims processed as a result of the acquisition of Sirius during the third quarter of the prior fiscal year. For the year ended August 31, 2018, administration fees represent 3.1% of revenues (August 31, 2017 - 3.2%).



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

Finance Expenses

Finance expenses, net of interest income, are as follows:

For the year ended	Au	g 31, 2018	Aug	j 31, 2017	,	Variance	% Variance
Interest and other finance costs Non-cash accretion expenses	\$	1,907.8 268.0	\$	1,276.0 85.7	\$	631.8 182.3	49.5 % 212.7 %
Change in estimate of contingent consideration Change in estimate of NCI put options		2,013.2 11,736.9		3,617.3		2,013.2 8,119.6	DIV/0 % 224.5 %
	\$	15,925.9	\$	4,979.0	\$	10,946.9	219.9 %

Finance expenses increase by \$10,946.9 (219.9%) for the year ended August 31, 2018. The change is primarily due to an increase in the fair value estimate of non-controlling interest options and contingent consideration obligations. In 2018, both BPA and Coughlin had strong operating performance resulting in an increase in their respective earnings; this impact increased the value of their estimated non-controlling interest put options. The increase in contingent consideration is due to a subsidiary's earnings exceeding a threshold triggering an additional earnout payment. In addition, accretion on vendor take-back loans has increased as a result of current year acquisitions.

Public Company Costs

Public Company costs are as follows:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018		Aug 31, 2017		\$ Variance		% Variance
	\$	368.8	\$	318.7	\$	50.1	15.7 %

Public company costs have increased by \$50.1 (15.7%) for the year ended August 31, 2018. The increase can be attributed mainly to corporate filing and venture exchange fees.



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The selected financial information provided below is derived from the Company's unaudited quarterly financial statements for each of the last eight quarters:

	Q4 - 2018	Q3 - 2018	Q2 - 2018	Q1 - 2018	Q4 - 2017	Q3 - 2017	Q2 - 2017	Q1 - 2017
Revenue	\$ 36,279.5	\$ 33,254.0	\$ 32,514.5	\$ 28,470.1	\$ 28,927.0	\$ 27,965.8	\$ 25,602.5	\$ 23,344.7
Operating & corporate expenses	(27,522.2)	(24,910.2)	(26,637.8)	(24,001.4)	(24,016.9)	(21,763.4)	(19,591.2)	(18,987.8)
Adjusted EBITDA	7,744.9	7,373.9	7,029.4	5,393.8	5,718.4	5,430.0	5,225.2	3,735.7
Finance expenses	(10,464.2)	(1,619.3)	(2,213.6)	(1,628.4)	(1,792.5)	(730.7)	(607.2)	(1,848.6)
Depreciation and amortization	(3,606.3)	(2,515.7)	(2,330.5)	(2,206.7)	(2,625.8)	(1,943.7)	(1,959.2)	(1,922.6)
Share-based compensation	(563.6)	(236.1)	(283.9)	(229.6)	(174.5)	(183.8)	(183.5)	(246.7)
Equity-based REI	(1,012.4)	(969.9)	(1,152.7)	(925.1)	(808.3)	(772.4)	(786.1)	(621.2)
Income tax expense, net Acquisition, integration and	(967.6)	(1,069.8)	(1,359.1)	(901.8)	(875.0)	(446.0)	(1,120.4)	(354.2)
reorganization costs	(2,634.2)	(1,418.9)	(1,384.8)	(888.6)	(817.7)	(1,024.8)	(502.2)	(260.3)
Net income (Loss)	(9,478.6)	1,484.0	610.2	463.8	241.2	1,873.4	1,638.8	(275.5)
Total assets	262,555.1	221,021.6	194,755.6	189,690.8	169,952.6	171,180.5	144,533.3	143,990.0
Total loans and borrowings	38,273.5	54,943.9	38,998.7	35,892.6	36,526.7	37,376.9	21,922.3	21,934.0
Total other liabilities	96,165.6	67,897.4	61,208.9	60,221.5	65,055.0	66,161.8	57,094.8	58,426.0
Shareholders' equity	128,116.0	98,180.3	94,548.1	93,576.8	68,371.0	67,641.7	65,516.2	63,630.1
Adjusted EBITDA per share	0.138	0.134	0.128	0.105	0.112	0.107	0.103	0.083
Income (loss) per share (basic)	(0.169)	0.027	0.011	0.009	0.005	0.037	0.032	(0.006)
Income (loss) per share (diluted)	(0.169)	0.026	0.011	0.009	0.005	0.036	0.032	(0.006)

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended August 31, 2018 was \$7,744.9, representing an increase of \$2,026.5 or 35.4% from \$5,718.4 reported for the same period in the prior year.

The Company can experience fluctuations in timing of revenue between quarters and, as a result, Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue is less meaningful on a quarterly basis.

Finance expenses for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 were \$10,464.2, representing an increase of \$8,671.7 or 483.8%, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2017. The increase is primarily due to a revaluation of the estimated fair value of non-controlling interest put obligations and contingent consideration obligations during the quarter.

Depreciation and amortization for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018 was \$3,606.3, representing an increase of \$980.5 or 37.3%, as compared to the same period in fiscal 2017, primarily due to additions to customer relationships resulting from acquired operations and leasehold improvements related to the Company's new head office.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity ensures the Company has sufficient financial resources available at all times to meet its obligations. This involves effectively managing assets and liabilities while maintaining an optimal capital structure. The Company manages this risk by ensuring it has adequate cash and access to credit to meet its obligations in the most cost-effective manner possible. Cash flow from operations, together with cash on hand and unutilized credit available on existing credit facilities are expected to be sufficient to meet operating and capital expenditure requirements.



Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Quarter and Year ended August 31, 2018

The Company also continues to actively investigate acquisition and other growth opportunities. The Company expects to finance future acquisitions from a combination of available cash, unutilized credit available on existing credit facilities, vendor financing, expanded credit facilities, issuance of equity as part of the consideration and equity proceeds from treasury issuance.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes, as at August 31, 2018, the Company's contractual obligations for the periods specified.

	Payments due by period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1 - 3 Years	4 - 5 Years	Thereafter
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ Contractual obligations Obligations under finance leases Vendor-take-back loans	24,334.7 \$ 24,999.0 16.2 12,180.2	21,456.6 \$ 4,992.5 14.1 3,985.2	2,318.3 \$ 8,597.6 2.1 8,195.0	194.8 \$ 6,393.9 -	365.0 5,015.0 - -
Term credit facilities \$	26,784.4 88,314.5 \$	3,329.1	23,455.3 42,568.3 \$	6,588.7 \$	5,380.0

Management believes that operations will generate sufficient cash flows to fund ongoing operations and finance its seasonal working capital needs.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes the Company's cash flows for the year ended August 31, 2018 and August 31, 2017:

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017	\$ Variance	% Variance
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (6,920.6)	\$ 3,478.8	\$(10,399.4)	(298.9)%
Add non-cash items, net	24,607.1	10,272.9	14,334.2	139.5 %
Changes in non-cash working capital	(449.7)	(2,795.8)	2,346.1	(83.9)%
Net cash from operating activities	17,236.8	10,955.9	6,280.9	57.3 %
Net cash from (used by) investing activities	(65,265.3)	(17,143.8)	(48,121.5)	280.7 %
Net cash from (used by) financing activities	51,213.9	9,751.8	41,462.1	425.2 %
Net increase in cash	\$ 3,185.4	\$ 3,563.9	\$ (378.5)	(10.6)%

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Cash from operating activities for the year ended August 31, 2018 increased \$6,280.9 as compared to the prior year. Changes in working capital accounts reflect the inclusion of Dalbec, Rockwater, Lane Quinn, and Silverberg operations. Significant influences of cash inflows and outflows related to operating activities for the year-to-date period versus the same period in the prior year end include:

- Cash generated from increased Adjusted EBITDA, before REI, was \$9,104.3 higher than was generated in the
 prior year. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA is a valuable indicator of the Company's ability to generate
 liquidity by producing operating cash flow to fund working capital needs, service debt obligations, and fund
 capital expenditures.
- Cash used to fund acquisitions, integration and reorganization costs increased \$3,721.6.
- Finance costs and income taxes used \$1,049.2 more cash than as compared to the prior year.
- Cash from changes in non-cash working capital accounts decreased \$2,346.1.
- Cash used in other working capital, including the net effect of changes in accounts receivable and accounts payable, increased \$398.7 as compared to the prior year.

Cash used by investing activities for the year ended August 31, 2018 increased by \$48,121.5 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The change is primarily due to \$41,055.0 more cash used to fund current year acquisitions. In the earlier part of the year the Company invested in a new corporate head office which increased the use of cash to acquire property and equipment by \$7,982.1 as compared to prior year. Cash used to acquire intangible assets decreased by \$915.6.

Cash generated by financing activities for the year ended August 31, 2018 increased by \$41,462.1 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The change is primarily due to the Company generating an additional \$43,004.5 of cash from the completion of two private placements of shares in the current year as compared to the completion of one private placement of shares in the prior year.

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide opportunities for growth to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain financial flexibility in, or to take advantage of, organic growth and new acquisition opportunities as they arise.

The Company includes cash, bank financing, vendor-take-back debt and shareholders' equity in the definition of capital. The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, renegotiate vendor-take-back debt or issue new debt to replace existing debt with different terms & conditions. The Company has the opportunity to use its Operating Revolver during the year to finance cash flows related to seasonal changes in non-cash working capital items. The Company did not make use of its operating line of credit during the year.

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Working Capital

The Company's working capital (defined as current assets less current liabilities) as at August 31, 2018 is set forth in the table below. The Company defines "Operating Working Capital" as current assets less current liabilities excluding deferred revenue.

Deferred revenue represents payments received in advance for services which have not yet been performed. Deferred revenues are recognized into income as services are rendered, in accordance with the revenue recognition policies described in the Company's financial statements. Deferred revenue is a non-cash liability and therefore Management believes that adding back the deferred revenue provides a more accurate reflection of the liquidity and working capital position of the Company.

The table below reconciles the differences in the calculation of working capital and Operating Working Capital.

	Aug 31, 2018	Aug 31, 2017
Current assets Less:	\$ 36,798.4	\$ 31,387.8
Current liabilities	32,013.3	22,544.8
Working capital Add back:	4,785.1	8,843.0
Deferred revenue	3,288.7	3,997.9
Operating Working Capital	\$ 8,073.8	\$ 12,840.9

Operating Working Capital has decreased by \$4,767.1 to a surplus of \$8,073.8 compared to the surplus of \$12,840.9 at August 31, 2017. The change in Operating Working Capital is due to an increase in current liabilities excluding deferred revenue of \$10,177.7, offset only partially by an increase in current assets of \$5,410.6 from cash balances generated from increased Adjusted EBITDA. The increase in current liabilities is primarily due to acquired liabilities, higher compensation payable and contingent consideration obligations along with an increase to the current portion of long-term debt.

The Company maintains a revolving operating line of credit of \$5,000.0 to facilitate management of short-term working capital requirements. As at August 31, 2018, the Company had not utilized this facility.

Credit Facilities

The Company amended its existing credit agreement with a syndicate of Canadian banks effective December 4, 2017, which resulted in the following authorized limits:

- the \$5,000 revolving credit facility to fund operating cash flow needs remained the same ("Operating Revolver"):
- 2. the term acquisition credit facility to fund future acquisitions increased to \$48,800 ("Acquisition Revolver");
- 3. the term credit facility installment loan was increased to \$19,500 ("Term Loan");

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 the delayed draw term credit facility to fund leasehold improvements at the Company's head office of \$9,500.0 ("Real Estate Loan").

The credit agreement continues to provide for an option (the "**Accordion Feature**"), subject to the satisfaction of certain terms and conditions, to increase the acquisition credit facility by up to \$15,000.0 of additional capacity. The exercise of the option would result in the size of the term acquisition credit facility being increased to a maximum of \$82,800.0 and overall credit capacity being increased to a maximum of \$97,800.0.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2018, in conjunction with the acquisition of Silverberg, the Company exercised the Accordion feature of Acquisition revolver facility thereby increasing the facility limit from \$48,800.0 to \$63,800.0.

The facility matures on October 31, 2019. The Term Loan requires quarterly principal repayments of \$486.1 until February 28, 2019 and \$583.3 per quarter thereafter, with the balance due at maturity. The Operating Revolver and Acquisition Revolver do not have scheduled principal repayments prior to maturity.

The loans bear interest at a floating rate based on banker's acceptances plus a credit margin tied to the Company's quarterly leverage ratio. The facility is secured by a general security agreement over the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and is subject to both financial and non-financial covenants, including maximum total leverage and senior leverage ratios and minimum fixed charge coverage ratios.

At August 31, 2018, the Company had a balance of \$17,998.4 outstanding on the Term Loan, \$8,786.0 outstanding on the Real Estate Loan, \$nil outstanding on the Acquisition Revolver and was compliant with all financial covenants. At August 31, 2018, the Company had unutilized and available credit of \$68,800.0, including \$5,000.0 on the Operating Revolver and \$63,800.0 to fund acquisitions on the Acquisition Revolver.

On October 31, 2018, the Company negotiated a six month extension to its credit facility with a syndicate of Canadian banks, on similar terms and conditions, which matures on April 30, 2020.

Share Capital

The Company has authorized share capital of an unlimited number of common voting shares. The Company's outstanding securities are comprised of:

	August 31, 2018	August 31, 2017
Common shares issued and outstanding	60,640,511	51,001,140
Stock options outstanding	3,681,861	1,298,480
Restricted Stock Units outstanding	442,279	325,156
Deferred Stock Units outstanding	69,278	41,478

During the year, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$65,558.0 through two bought deal equity offerings, which closed on August 21, 2018 and November 22, 2017 respectively, resulting in the issuance of 9,004,500 common shares. The net proceeds of these offerings were primarily used to fund the current year acquisitions and to repay the outstanding balance on the acquisition revolver.

In connection with the acquisition of Lane Quinn, the Company issued 235,001 common shares to the vendors for an aggregate value of \$1,914,315 net of issuance costs.

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On August 28, 2018, the Company granted 2,600,000 options to certain senior executives. The options were granted as part of the Company's overall compensation strategy to reward the senior executives for individual and corporate performance, to align their interests with that of the Company and to provide for long-term incentives. Of the 2.6 million options granted, 60% or 1.56 million are performance conditioned options, with a requirement for the Company's share price to reach a threshold of \$12 in order for these options to vest. The remaining 40% or 1.04 million are regular options.

The remainder of the change in share capital can be attributed to grants during the year ended August 31, 2018, under the Company's LTIP program.

Contingencies

In the ordinary course of operating the Company's business it may from time to time be subject to various claims or possible claims. Although Management currently believes there are no claims or possible claims that if resolved would either individually or collectively result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows, these matters are inherently uncertain and Management's view of these matters may change in the future.

RISK FACTORS

The Company operates in a well-established and highly competitive industry and its results of operations, business prospects and financial condition are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties and are affected by a number of factors outside the control of Management of the Company. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

Key Personnel

The Company is highly dependent upon the expertise and experience of its personnel, particularly those engaged in generating revenue, including, but not limited to, those involved in benefits plan design and administration, benefits legislative and regulatory issues, group retirement plan design and specialized human resource consulting, recruitment and career management. The Company's operations depend, in part, on the relationships and reputations these individuals have established with clients, often over many years. In the event the Company were to lose a number of key personnel, client relationships could be negatively impacted, which could lead to material adverse effects on the Company's operating and financial results.

The Company currently has many experienced employees who hold senior positions in the Company, who have various professional designations and who have developed deep and trusted relationships with clients. While the Company provides a competitive compensation structure for its employees, including an employee share purchase plan and a security-based compensation plan and has comprehensive employment agreements in place with its employees to protect the Company, the loss of a number of key personnel may have a material adverse effect on the business of the Company. The Company's ability to attract, retain and develop new employees into senior positions could affect the business of the Company.

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Client Relationships

Group insurance contracts are generally renegotiated on an annual basis with clients, often resulting in insurance premium pricing increases or decreases. Accordingly, there can be no guarantee that insurance contracts sold through the Company in the past will be renewed on a go forward basis or at the same pricing level. While the Company has several benefit and insurance clients with contracts that extend for one to seven years, the majority of the Company's benefit and pension revenue is derived from contracts that can be cancelled upon thirty days' notice. The Company's experience is that most clients terminate during the renewal process rather than during the policy year. While the Company's clients are diversified both in size and industry, if a number of the Company's largest clients were to terminate their contracts with the Company at the same time, this could result in a significant reduction in revenue, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's revenues, financial condition and operating results.

Insurance Company Relationships

In certain cases, the Company acts as the advisor to end-user employers to broker group insurance products with insurance companies. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to maintain its existing relationships with these insurance companies and the failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, during the renewal process, the Company's benefits consulting teams will provide benefits planning and consulting services based on the availability of insurance products and pricing of such products. Changes in available products could result in decreased benefits coverage and/or decreased premiums which generally would result in decreased revenue for the Company.

Regulation, Policies and Certification

The Company's employee benefits and group retirement consulting and administration services are subject to laws and regulations that are constantly evolving. Changes in such laws or regulations could impact the Company's service delivery processes and/or its client relationships. In addition, the laws and regulations differ from province to province and the Company is required to keep up-to-date with the laws and regulations of each province.

The Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association has recently introduced a guideline to establish industry standards for the disclosure to clients of intermediary compensation for group benefit and group retirement services. These requirements could result in increased competition in the insurance brokerage industry.

The rules and regulations governing income and commodity taxes are complex and wide-ranging, and the calculation of income taxes and applicability of commodity taxes requires judgment in interpreting tax rules and regulations. The Company's tax filings are subject to government audits that could result in material changes to the amount of current and future income taxes and related costs.

Any changes to laws, rules, regulations or policies could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results.

Technology and Information Security

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The Company is reliant on computerized operational and reporting systems. The Company makes reasonable efforts to ensure that back-up systems and redundancies are in place and functioning appropriately and maintains a disaster recovery plan to protect against significant system failures. While a computer system failure would not be expected to critically damage the Company in the long term, there can be no assurance that a computer system crash or like event would not have a material impact on its financial results in the short term.

Information security risks have increased in recent years due, in part, to the proliferation, sophistication and constant evolution of new technologies used by hackers and external parties. The Company's technologies, systems and networks and third parties providing services to the Company, may be subject to attacks, breaches or other compromises. In the event of such an occurrence, the Company may experience, among other things, financial loss, a loss of customer or business opportunities, disruption to operations, misappropriation or unauthorized release of confidential, financial or personal information, litigation, regulatory penalties or intervention, remediation, investigation or restoration cost and reputational damage.

Access to Capital

The Company relies principally on bank debt, vendor-take-back debt financing and issuance of common shares to fund its acquisitions. The Company may require additional funds to make future acquisitions of group benefit, group retirement and human resource consulting businesses and may require additional funds to market and sell its products into the marketplace. The ability of the Company to arrange such financing in the future, and to repay its existing debt, will depend in part upon the prevailing capital market conditions, as well as on the business performance of the Company. While the Company has been successful in the past, there is no assurance that capital will be available under terms that are satisfactory to the Company.

Pursuant to its articles of incorporation, the Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares for consideration and on such terms as are established by the Board of Directors without the approval of any shareholders. Further issuance of common shares may dilute the interests of existing shareholders. If additional capital financing is not available on terms favourable to the Company, the Company may be unable to grow or may be required to limit or halt its strategic growth plans. In addition, if the Company experiences financial difficulty, the Company's creditors who have security interests in the Company's assets, may decide to exercise their rights to acquire or dispose of the Company's assets.

Future Growth via Acquisitions

The Company's growth and expansion plans contain a dual approach of generating organic growth by increasing its existing business by gaining new clients and increasing product and service penetration with existing clients, as well as through transactions in which the Company acquires new operating entities or subsidiaries. There can be no assurance that an adequate number of suitable acquisition candidates will be available to the Company to meet this area of focus of its expansion plans, or in the event that such businesses are available for acquisition that they will be available at a price which would allow the Company to operate on a profitable basis. The Company competes for acquisition and expansion opportunities with entities that have substantially greater resources than the Company and these entities may be able to outbid the Company for acquisition targets.

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Integration of Future Acquisitions

There can be no assurance that businesses acquired by the Company in the future will achieve acceptable levels of revenue and profitability or otherwise perform as expected. The Company may be unable to successfully integrate businesses that it may acquire in the future, due to diversion of Management attention, strains on the Company's infrastructure, difficulties in integrating operations and personnel, entry into unfamiliar markets, or unanticipated legal liabilities or tax, accounting or other issues. A failure to integrate acquired businesses may be disruptive to the Company's operations and negatively impact the Company's revenue or increase the Company's expenses. Risks related to the integration of acquisitions are mitigated through the Company's due diligence procedures and legal structure of its acquisitions.

Potential Undisclosed Liabilities Associated with Acquisition / Limited Indemnification

In connection with acquisitions completed by the Company, there may be liabilities and contingencies related to the acquired entity that the Company failed to discover or was unable to quantify in its due diligence conducted prior to the execution of the acquisition, and the Company may not be indemnified for some or all of these liabilities and contingencies. The existence of any material liabilities or contingencies could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

Interest Rate

Advances under the Company's credit facilities bear interest at variable rates. The Company may incur further indebtedness in the future that also bears interest at variable rates or it may be required to refinance its debt at higher rates. While the Company attempts to manage its interest rate risk, there can be no assurance that it will hedge such exposure effectively or at all in the future. Accordingly, increases in interest rates could adversely affect the Company's cash flows.

Insurance

The Company believes that its professional errors and omissions insurance, director and officer liability insurance, and commercial general liability insurance coverage address all material insurable risks, provides coverage that is similar to that which would be maintained by a prudent operator of a similar business and is subject to deductibles, limits and exclusions which are customary or reasonable given the cost of procuring insurance and current operating conditions. However, there can be no assurance that such insurance will continue to be offered on economically feasible terms, that all events that could give rise to a loss or liability are insurable, or that the amounts of insurance will at all times be sufficient to cover each and every loss or claim that may occur involving the Company's assets or operations.

Canadian Economy and Competitive Conditions

The Company's future success is dependent upon the direction and state of the Canadian economy. The business, operating results and financial condition of the Company could be materially affected by a prolonged and deep recession or downturn in the Canadian economy. There is no assurance that the Company will have sufficient financial resources to withstand a prolonged and deep recession.

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The insurance brokerage market is highly competitive and is composed of a large number of companies of varying size and scope of services. Insurance companies themselves also offer their products through other methods, including insurance agents and direct distribution channels, which are competitive with the insurance brokerage industry and the Company.

Brand and Reputation

The Company is dependent, to a large extent, on its client relationships and its reputation with clients. Damage to the Company's brand or reputation could result in the loss of client relationships, which could result in a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. There can be no assurance that future incidents will not negatively affect the Company's brand or reputation.

Internal Control

As a venture issuer, the Company is not required to certify the design and evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal controls over financial reporting (ICFR), as defined by National Instrument 52-109 and as such, has not completed such an evaluation. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of a certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement, on a cost effective basis, DC&P and ICFR may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Critical accounting policies are defined as those that are both very important to the portrayal of the Company's financial condition and results, and require Management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. In preparing the Company's financial statements in accordance with IFRS, Management is required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that it believes are reasonable based upon available information, historical information and/or forecasts. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The accounting policies which Management believes are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating the Company's reported financial results include those relating to revenue recognition, business acquisitions and accounting for the resulting customer relationships and contracts, goodwill, contingent acquisition consideration and non-controlling interest put obligations, as well as income taxes.

Revenue recognition

Revenue includes fees and commissions generated from administrative, advisory and consulting services provided to clients.

Generally, revenue from the rendering of services is recognized when the following criteria are met:

- The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
- The stage of completion can be reliably measured;
- The receipt of economic benefits is probable; and
- Costs incurred and to be incurred can be reliably measured.

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Concurrent with the above general principles, the Company applies the following specific revenue recognition policies:

Group benefit commission revenue from clients where advisory services and plan administration services are provided by the Company is generally received in advance and recorded as deferred revenue. Commission advances are recognized in income on a monthly basis based on the number of months for which the commission revenue was advanced, net of a provision for return commissions due to policy cancellation and adjustments. The provision is determined based on historical data.

Group benefit commission revenue from clients where the Company provides only advisory services are recognized in income at the effective or renewal date of the policy, net of a provision for return commissions due to policy cancellation and adjustments. The provision is determined based on historical data.

Fee revenue from administrative and consulting services are recognized on the percentage of completion basis.

For fee revenue that is contingent on certain criteria being met, the revenue is not recognized until the work is completed.

All other revenues are recognized upon the completion of services rendered by the Company. Other revenue includes investment income recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

Business combinations

For acquisitions, the Company measures goodwill as the fair value of the consideration transferred including the recognized amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, less the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, all measured as of the acquisition date. When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Transaction costs that the Company incurs in connection with a business combination, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, are expensed as incurred.

Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price paid for the acquisition of subsidiaries over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired. Following the initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets consist of acquired customer relationships and contracts. Other intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of identifiable intangible assets acquired in a business combination is equal to fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, identifiable intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Definite life intangible assets are amortized from the date of acquisition or, for internally developed assets, from the time the asset is available for use. Amortization is recognized either on a declining balance or on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, and the residual values and useful lives of the assets are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

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Intangible assets are considered to have indefinite lives where Management believes that there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the intangible assets are expected to generate net cash flows.

Contingent Acquisition Consideration

The Company recognizes liabilities, if any, resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement at their acquisition date fair value and such amounts form part of the cost of the business combination. Subsequent changes in the fair value of contingent consideration arrangements are recognized in net income (loss) for the period.

Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments to goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, or IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognized in net income (loss).

Non-controlling Put Liabilities

The Company recognizes non-controlling put liabilities as non-derivative financial liabilities, which are classified as fair value through profit and loss are measured at fair value, with gains and losses recognized in net income (loss). Non-controlling interest put option is classified as fair value through profit and loss.

The Company initially recognizes debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

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Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

SEASONALITY

As the Company continues to grow through acquisitions, the revenue trends from quarter to quarter may change depending on the relative significance of acquisitions in a fiscal year and the seasonal variances of the client renewals of those particular acquisitions. As a result of such acquired growth and organic growth, the revenue and Adjusted EBITDA trends from quarter to quarter within a fiscal year may continue to vary, however the annual revenue trends will increasingly be more representative of the Company's annual revenue run rate as the Company achieves increasing scale.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Other than as outlined below, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

The Company sponsors certain individual pension plans ("IPP") which were assumed as a result of and established prior to the date of certain acquisitions. While the IPPs are ongoing, the Company's obligation to make contributions towards any funding deficiency required by pension legislation is indemnified by the beneficiaries of the respective IPPs. Conversely, any funding surpluses are payable to the beneficiaries of the respective IPPs. As a result, the Company has no net exposure to unfunded or overfunded IPPs.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of basic financial instruments which are typically used in operations, including cash, restricted cash, trade and other receivables, trade payables, accrued and other liabilities. Additional financial instruments include long-term debt, contingent acquisition consideration, non-controlling interest put options and other non-current assets.